



Ratio Games

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References

- Raj Jain, The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis, Wiley, 1991.
 - Part I: An Overview of Performance Evaluation
 - Part II: Measurement Techniques and Tools
 - Part III: Probability Theory and Statistics
 - Part IV: Experimental Design and Analysis
 - Part V: Simulation



Outline

- Ratio Games Examples
 - 1. Relative Performance
 - 2. Picking a Suitable Ratio Metric
 - 3. Relative Performance Enhancement
 - 4. Ratio Games with Percentages
- Ratio Games Guidelines

1. Relative Performance

- Execution Time Example
- Comparing ratio of totals
 - 6502 is worse.
 - It takes 4.8% more time than 8080.

Bench-	System			
mark	6502	8080		
Block	41.16	51.50		
Sieve	63.17	48.08		
Sum	104.33	99.58		
Avg	52.17	49.79		

1. Relative Performance (cont.)

		Syst	tem
• With 6502 as a base		6502	8080
• 6502 is better.		1.00	1.25
 It takes 1% less time than 		1.00	0.76
8080.		2.00	2.01
• With 8080 as a base			1.01
• 6502 is worse.		Syst	tem
 It takes 6% more time than 		6502	8080
8080.		0.80	1.00
		1.31	1.00
		2.11	2.00
		1.06	1.00

2. Picking a Suitable Ratio Metric

- Example
- Throughput: A is better
- Response Time: A is worse

Network	Throughput	Response
A	10	2
В	4	1

- Power = Throughput / Time
- A is better

System	Throughput	Response	Power
A	10	2	5
В	4	1	4

3. Relative Performance Enhancement

• Example: Two floating point accelerators A and B on Benchmarks X and Y

Alternative	Without	With
A on X	2	4
B on Y	3	5

Alternative	Without	With	Ratio
A on X	2	4	2.00
B on Y	3	5	1.66

 Problem: Incomparable bases. Must try both on the same benchmark

4. Ratio Games with Percentages

Tests on System A

Test	Total	Pass	% Pass
1	300	60	20%
2	50	2	4%
Total	350	62	20.6%

• Tests on System B

Test	Total	Pass	% Pass
1	32	8	25%
2	500	40	8%
Total	532	48	9%

System B is better on both systems.

• System A is better overall.



(b) Percent of total tests passed



4. Ratio Games with Percentages (cont.)

Other Misuses of Percentages

- Using percentages to impress, *e.g.*, for improvement from 0.1 to 1.1, quote 1000% improvement. Particularly if the performance before and after the improvement are both small.
- Using percentages to disguise small sample sizes, e.g., 75% respondents agree with the government decision.
- Using Final as Base (Initial should be Base), *e.g.*, sales claim 400% reduction in prices when price fall from \$100 to \$25.

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Ratio Games Guidelines

1. If one system is **better on all** benchmarks, **contradicting conclusions can not be drawn** by any ratio game technique.

Bench-	- System		Bench-	System		System			Bench-	Sys	tem
mark	A	В	mark	А	В		mark	A	В		
Ι	0.50	1.00	Ι	1.00	2.00	-	Ι	0.50	1.00		
J	1.00	1.50	J	1.00	1.50		J	0.67	1.00		
Average	0.75	1.25	Average	1.00	1.75	-	Average	0.58	1.00		

Even if one system is better than the other on all benchmarks, a better relative performance can be shown by selecting appropriate base.
 System A is 40% better than System B using raw data, 43% better using system A as a base, and 42% better using System B as a base.

Ratio Games Guidelines

- 3. If a system is **better on some benchmarks** and worse on others, **contracting conclusions can be drawn** in some cases. Not in all cases.
- 4. If the performance metric is an LB metric, it is better to use your system as the base.
- 5. If the performance metric is an **HB metric**, it is better to **use your opponent as the base**.
- Those benchmarks that perform better on your system should be elongated and those that perform worse should be shortened.

Summary

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