Recommender Systems

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Reference: *Artificial Intelligence with Python*, by Prateek Joshi, Packt Publishing, 2017.

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- 4. Building a collaborative recommendation system
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1. Introduction

 YouTube Video: Recommendation Systems - Learn Python for Data Science #3 by Siraj Raval

https://youtu.be/9gBC9R-msAk

1. Introduction

 A Recommender System predicts the likelihood that a user would prefer an item and it recommends items to the user.

Examples

- Facebook "People You May Know"
- Netflix "Other Movies You May Enjoy"
- LinkedIn "Jobs You May Be Interested In"
- Amazon "Customer who bought this item also bought ..."
- Google "Visually Similar Images"
- YouTube "Recommended Videos"

1. Introduction

Recommender System Types

- 1. A collaborative filtering algorithm works by finding a set of people with preferences or tastes similar to the target user. Using this smaller set of "similar" people, it constructs a ranked list of suggestions.
- 2. Content-based filtering is based on a description of the item and a profile of the user's preferences to recommend items that are similar to those that a user liked.

3. Hybrid

2. The MovieLens DataSet

- 100,000 ratings (1-5) from 943 users on 1682 movies.
- Includes users data and ratings data

(943, 5)

<u>Users</u>

	user_id	age	sex	occupation	zip_code
0	1	24	Δ	technician	85711
1	2	53	F	other	94043
2	3	23	М	writer	32067
3	4	24	М	technician	43537
4	5	33	F	other	15213

(100000, 4) Ratings

	user_id	movie_id	rating	unix_timestamp
0	196	242	3	881250949
1	186	302	3	891717742
2	22	377	1	878887116
3	244	51	2	880606923
4	166	346	1	886397596

3. Similarity Scores

1. Euclidean score (Euclidean distance, lower is better)

$$d(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - y_i)^2}$$

2. Pearson score (1 is best)

$$r = rac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - ar{x})(y_i - ar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - ar{x})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - ar{y})^2}}$$

4. Building a Collaborative Recommendation System

- 1. Function to recommend movies for a user
- 2. For each other user:
 - 1. Find the Pearson score of commonly rated movies, ignoring dissimilar users.
 - 2. Extract a list of movies that have been rated by this user but haven't been rated by the input user.
 - 3. For each item in this list, keep a track of the weighted rating based on the similarity score.
- 3. Finally, sort the scores and extract the movie recommendations.

4. Building a Collaborative Recommendation System

```
# Get movie recommendations for the input user
# Assume the input user is in the dataset
   and there is at lease one recommendation
def get_recommendations(dataset, input_user): # 1
    overall_scores = {}
    similarity_scores = {}
    for user in [x for x in dataset if x != input_user]:
        similarity_score = pearson_score(dataset, input_user,
             user) # 2.1
        if similarity_score <= 0:</pre>
            continue # 2.1
        filtered_list = [x for x in dataset[user] if x not in
          dataset[input_user] or dataset[input_user][x] == 0]
        for item in filtered_list:
2.3
            overall_scores.update({item: dataset[user][item]
              * similarity_score})
```

4. Building a Collaborative Recommendation System

```
# Generate movie ranks
movie_scores = np.array([[score, item] for item, score in
      overall_scores.items()])
# Sort in decreasing order
movie scores = movie scores[
      np.argsort(movie_scores[:, 0])[::-1]] <</pre>
# Extract the movie recommendations
movie_recommendations = [movie for _, movie in
      movie_scores]
return movie recommendations
```

5. Open Source Python Packages

- LightFM
- GraphLab
- Crab
- Surprise
- Python Recsys
- MRec

Summary

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