Embedded Systems (0907333) Homework 3

Submit Handwritten Solutions

Problem 1: Draw a diagram that shows the connections of a synchronous master with three slaves.

Problem 2: State three disadvantages of synchronous communication compared with asynchronous communication.

Problem 3: Explain how asynchronous receiver usually synchronizes with an incoming asynchronous data signal.

Problem 4: For a PIC 16P877A microcontroller running on an external clock of rate = 4 MHz, write the assembly instructions needed to initialize its USART for the following communication setup:

- 8-bit asynchronous continuous communication with parity bit.
- Baud rate = 25 kbps

Problem 5: Draw a block diagram that shows the elements of a typical data acquisition system.

Problem 6: Initialize the following two registers so that Timer 0 introduces a 100-second delay. Assume using an external 160-Hz crystal oscillator (show your calculations).

Problem 7: Refer to the analog input model of the PIC 16P877A's ADC shown below. What is the total acquisition and conversion time given $V_{DD} = 5V$, $R_{IC} = 1k\Omega$, $R_S = 0$, Temp = 15 °C, $T_{AD} = 1.6 \ \mu s$?



Problem 8: For a PIC 16P877A microcontroller running on an external clock of rate = 4 MHz, write the assembly instructions needed to initialize its ADC for the following setup:

- Right-justified result format
- All Port A's pins are analog inputs

Problem 9: Suppose you have the PIC 16F877A with Fosc = 8 MHz. If BRGH = 1, answer the following questions:

- a) What value of SPBRG should you use if you want to communicate at asynchronous 19200 baud rate?
- b) If we want to transmit "C" character that has the ASCII code 43_h, draw the waveform of the transmitted packet.
- c) What is the actual baud rate that you will achieve with this value of SPBRG?
- d) What is the resulting percent error in your baud rate?
- e) What is the lowest possible baud rate that can be achieved using the settings above?
- f) What is the highest possible baud rate that can be achieved using the setting above?

Problem 10: Two sensors need to be connecting to the PIC 16F877A microcontroller. The first one is temperature sensor that measures temperature from (15 to 45°C), with voltage range from (-0.5 to 4.5V), the second is distance sensor that measures distance from (1 to 40 cm), with voltage range from (0.5 to 5.5V). Answer the following Questions:

a) Find the value of the ADRESH and ADRESL registers if the measured distance is 40 cm.

Result	ADRESH	ADRESL
Left justified		
Right justified		

b) What is the digital value of the analogue input Vin = 2 V for the temperature sensor?